

Our Portfolio Characteristics

Ariel Focused Value

As of June 30, 2024

	Ariel Focused Value	Russell 1000® Value Index	S&P 500® Index
Market Cap Exposure (% of investments)			
Large (\$162.98B & Above)	18.68	29.47	59.65
Medium/Large (\$46.24B - \$162.98B)	11.55	36.26	25.71
Medium (\$13.59B - \$46.24B)	15.14	22.95	13.05
Medium/Small (\$4.53B - \$13.59B)	32.44	10.20	1.60
Small (\$4.53B & Below)	22.18	1.13	0.00
<i>Dollar Weighted Average</i>	<i>84.69</i>	<i>158.28</i>	<i>1,010.17</i>
Valuation Metrics			
Forward Price/Earnings	11.59	15.35	21.12
Trailing price/earning ¹	13.63	19.00	27.11
Discount to Private Market Value (%)	-24.54	--	--
Fundamentals			
Long-Term Earnings Growth (%)	10.35	10.20	15.19
Debt Rating	BBB	BBB+	A
Interest Coverage Ratio	5.80	4.57	6.79
Return on Equity (%)	20.64	18.87	28.67
Portfolio Construction			
Number of Holdings	27	846	503
Turnover (%)	21.33	--	--
Benchmark Relative Statistics			
Active Share (%)	93.96	--	--
Beta vs. S&P 500 (5-year)	1.12	0.95	1.00
Current beta	0.91	0.76	1.00

Portfolio Characteristics are sourced from FactSet, except Turnover, which is sourced from Ariel's portfolio accounting system Eagle. Portfolio characteristics are for a representative portfolio. The representative account was selected because it has no client-imposed restrictions and it has minimal planned contributions and withdrawals. Client restrictions will cause variances. Please see disclosures page for definitions of the quantitative measures listed above.

Our Portfolio Characteristics

Ariel Focused Value

For the Quarter Ended June 30, 2024

Industry Weightings¹ (%)

	Ending Weight	Russell 1000® Value Index	S&P 500® Index
Industrials	23.95	16.35	11.06
Financials	22.78	21.23	9.80
Consumer Discretionary	14.97	8.35	13.68
Energy	11.82	8.13	3.73
Health Care	6.47	13.33	11.21
Technology	6.38	8.44	37.72
Basic Materials	5.99	3.44	1.58
Cash	5.16	0.00	0.00
Consumer Staples	2.48	7.11	4.49
Real Estate	0.00	4.60	2.15
Telecommunications	0.00	3.73	2.05
Utilities	0.00	5.31	2.52

Top 10 Positions² (%)

	Ending Weight
1 Goldman Sachs Group, Inc.	6.42
2 Oracle Corporation	6.38
3 Snap-on, Inc.	5.54
4 BOK Financial Corporation	5.30
5 Mohawk Industries, Inc.	4.98
6 Bank of America Corporation	4.94
7 APA Corporation	4.59
8 Lockheed Martin Corporation	4.54
9 Resideo Technologies, Inc.	4.49
10 PHINIA, Inc.	4.18
Total	51.34

Contributors and Detractors³ (%)

	Average Weight	Total Return	Contribution to Return
Top Five Contributors			
Oracle Corporation	5.61	12.78	0.72
Goldman Sachs Group, Inc.	6.61	8.95	0.65
Core Laboratories, Inc.	2.92	18.87	0.52
Bank of America Corporation	4.76	5.51	0.27
Lockheed Martin Corporation	4.49	3.38	0.16
Bottom Five Detractors			
Snap-on Incorporated	5.82	-11.17	-0.72
Mohawk Industries, Inc.	4.98	-13.22	-0.71
APA Corporation	4.52	-13.71	-0.69
Resideo Technologies, Inc.	4.75	-12.76	-0.66
Boyd Gaming Corporation	2.90	-17.89	-0.59

Source: FactSet. Data shown above is for a representative portfolio. The representative account was selected because it has no client-imposed restrictions and it has minimal planned contributions and withdrawals. Client restrictions will cause variances. ¹Holdings are categorized according to the Russell Industry Classification Benchmark (ICB). Holdings not classified by ICB are categorized according to FactSet. ²The Top 10 Positions are ranked by issuer Ending Weight (% of total market value of the representative portfolio). ³Contributors and Detractors are ranked by issuer Contribution to Return (%). Contribution to Return (%) is the Ending Weight (%) times the Total Return (%) linked daily for the period. Average Weight is the average value of the holding relative to the portfolio's total assets over the period. The holdings shown do not represent all of the securities purchased, sold or recommended for investors.

Definitions

Forward Price/Earnings Ratio is a valuation measure that represents the price divided by the mean earnings per share (EPS) consensus estimate for the next twelve months as of the run date. Holdings are summarized at the portfolio level using weighted harmonic average and exclude negative earnings.

Trailing Price/Earnings Ratio is a valuation measure that represents the price divided by the earnings per share (EPS) for the trailing twelve months as of the run date. Holdings are summarized at the portfolio level using weighted harmonic average and exclude negative earnings.

Discount to Private Market Value is the percentage discount the portfolio trades at relative to Ariel Investments' internal estimate of the portfolio's private market value (PMV). There is no guarantee that companies we invest in will achieve our PMV or projected future earnings.

Long Term Estimated Earnings Growth, an income statement measure, is the percent growth rate of the median earnings per share (EPS) consensus estimate for the unreported current year, current year+1, current year+2, and current year+3 as of the run date. Holdings are summarized at the portfolio level using weighted average.

Debt Rating is sourced from S&P Global Ratings' long-term issuer credit ratings for common stocks.

Interest Coverage Ratio is a liquidity measure that represents the ratio of earnings before interest and taxes (EBIT) relative to the interest expense for the period. Holdings categorized as Financials by the Russell Industry Classification Benchmark (ICB) are excluded from the portfolio summary statistic. The holdings are summarized at the portfolio level using median.

Return on Equity is a profitability measure that represents the consensus estimate for the next fiscal year net income divided by total equity over the period. Holdings are summarized at the portfolio level using weighted average.

Turnover, a measure of portfolio change, is the lesser of purchases or sales divided by the average market value of the portfolio over the trailing one-year period and is sourced from Ariel's portfolio accounting system Eagle.

Active Share measures the degree the portfolio deviates from the benchmark.

5-Year Beta is the measure of volatility of the portfolio over a 5-year period compared to the market as a whole during the same period (benchmarked against the S&P 500).

Current Beta is the current measure of volatility of the portfolio compared to the market as a whole (usually the S&P 500). Stocks with beta higher than 1.0 can be more volatile than the S&P 500. Current beta (1-year trailing) is based on daily security returns from FactSet.

